



GAS & OIL TECHNOLOGIES (GOT) INITIATIVE

Update to EOR as CCUS Conference

Paul Doucette, GOT Operating Agent 1 October 2015









INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY GAS & OIL TECHNOLOGIES (GOT) INITIATIVE

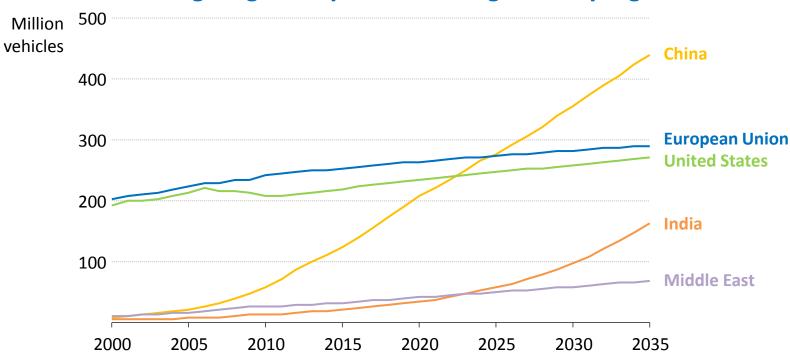
Overall focus

Explore the strategic role of oil and gas technology in the long term energy future



The need for mobility means long term reliance on oil and gas

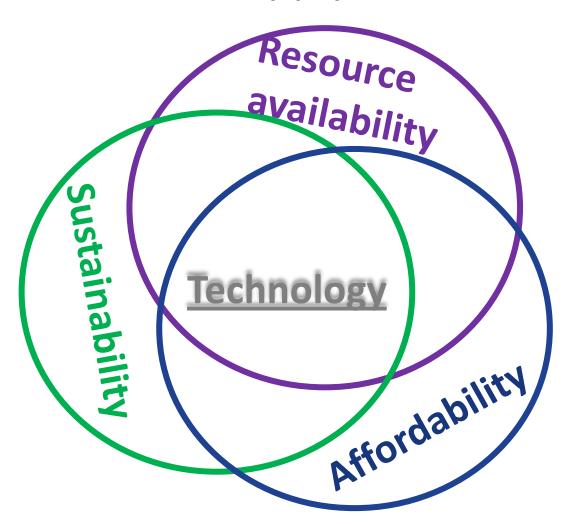
Passenger light-duty vehicle fleet growth by region



The PLDV fleet worldwide is projected to expand from around 900 million in 2012 to over 1.7 billion in 2035, with most of this growth coming from non-OECD countries



In the next 20 years, investments will total \$850B to maintain supply (IEA)







Creating Value – Role of Technology

Approach:

- Establish current unit cost levels
- Identify the most important cost drivers
- Analyse effect of cost compression after recent oil price reduction

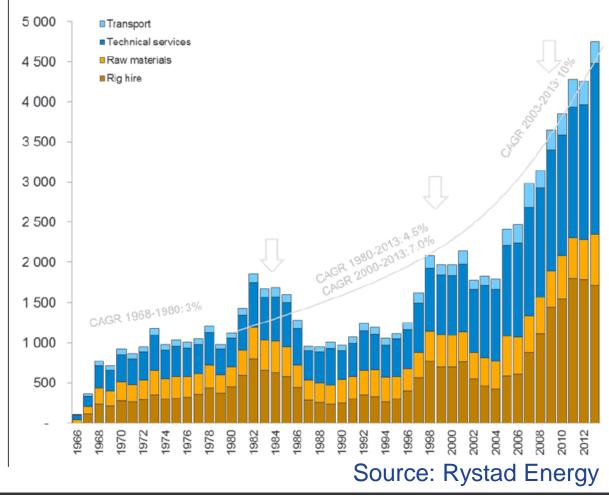
Cost = Unit cost * Volume Volume = Activity * Complexity

Total cost: Observed and projected E&P spending Volume: Observed activity indicators such as rig days.

Complexity can be addressed with technology development and is normally driven by three factors

- Nature given challenges. F.ex. harsh environment, complex reservoirs or deep waters
- Maturation of fields/basins. F.ex. depleted reservoirs
- Work processes and/or regulations

Historical drilling costs on the Norwegian Continental Shelf (NC), by cost category Million NOK per semi-drilling day equivalent

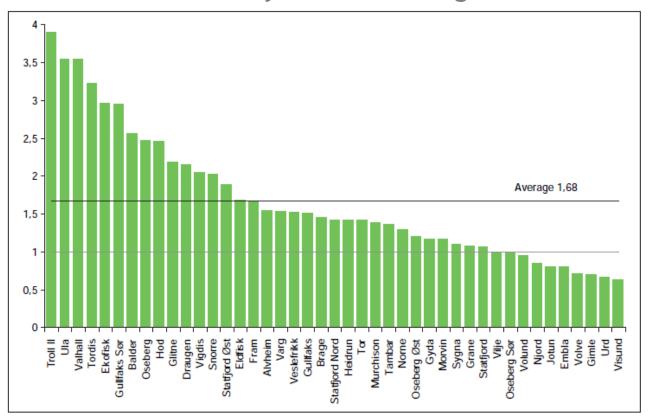






Huge variation in EOR levels worldwide a challenge

Increased recovery from existing fields, NCS







How will GOT address this challenges?







A multi-party, cross-functional global initiative



- E & P RD & D spend
- global engagement & leverage
- knowledge exchange& accumulation



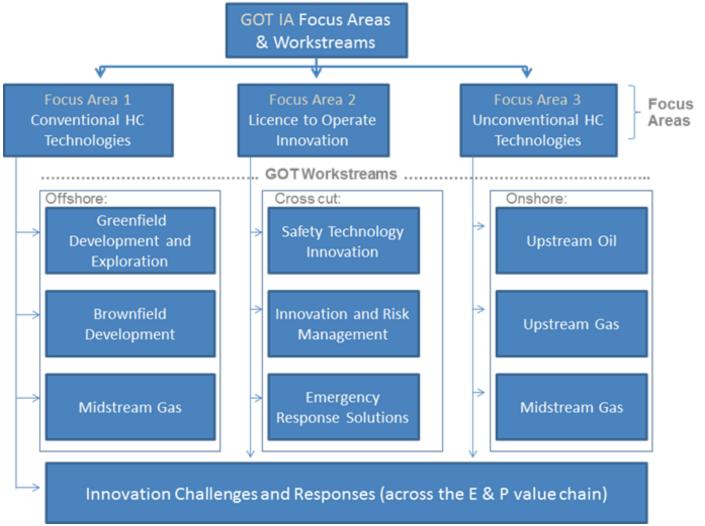
Potential Policy
Measures

- Targeted Incentives
- Fiscal Measures
- Standards/Regulations
- Procurements
- Taxes/Credits
- Others





GOT Focus Areas & Workstreams





Technology Forums Held

- Washington, DC
- Beijing
- Perth
- Rio de Janeiro
- Houston

Technology Forums Planned

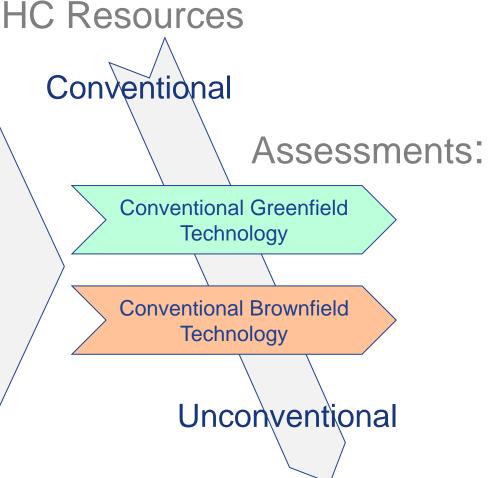
- Brussels Oct 27-28 (UCR)
- 2016 TBD





GOT Green & Brownfield Technology Studies







Proposals from TNO and Rystad

Peer review panel planned



-THE STUD

GOT IA has initiated a study on the value of closing important technology gaps within the E&P industry.

Three reports will be written. Each report addresses a specific scope defined by GOT IA:

GOT Study Scope 1: Challenges in relation to unconventional gas

and oil. Hydraulic fracturing and stimulation methods and techniques to enhance

- B. recovery
- C. Water use, drinking water and disposal of wastewater
- D. Air emissions related to unconventional hydrocarbon production
- E. Technologies for best drilling practices and inspection Reducing footprint: Air, water, waste and, community impacts

GOT Study Scope 2: Development technologies in greenfields and frontier

areasA. Enhanced reservoir characterization and modeling

- B. E&P technologies, operations, safety and environment practices for harsh
- C. environments
- D. Development of efficient/low cost small fields
 More efficient resource and environmentally friendly utilization of associated /

GOT Study & Drilling and intervention technologies in offshore brow Afields ximum exploitation of petroleum resources in producing oil fields

- B. Enabling production of stranded oil in mature oil regions, e.g.
- C. immobile oil
- D. Enhancing gas recovery/economic field life of gas fields Extending economic life time of producing fields





-THE STUD

The final three reports will contain the following main elements

-1. CHALLENGE

This part will establish the main challenges within the scope of study through analyzing exploration and production and field development

- Decomposing E&P spending into activity, price and productivity
- Current challenges related environmental impact and social license to operate

Other factors representing main challenges

- 2. KEY TECHNOLOGI

This part will identify key technologies likely to solve the main challenges. It will also

assess and quantify how these technologies are likely to affect resources, environmental impact and social license to operate.

— 3. IMPAC

This part will quantify the global impact of each new key technology in terms of cost

reductions, increased resources or reduced environmental impact. Aggregated results

will be presented and discussed.







GOT ... From awareness of the problem to the development of a solution

Global workshops
& roundtables

Studies & analysis

Global dialogue & collaboration

Technology development + regulatory & policy drivers = safer and more sustainable development







Thank you for your attention

